IN THE CLAIMS

This is a complete and current listing of the claims, marked with status identifiers in parentheses. The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

- 1. (Currently Amended) A control input circuit (6) for an electrical appliance (1), having comprising:
- ____a constant current sink, (7) which is connected into a control line, (2) and whose drawn current (Ia) assumes a detection value (II) during the length (t1) of a detection pulse (P), whereas the drawn current (Ia) is being lowered between two successive detection pulses (P),; and also having
- an evaluation module (15) which analyzes to analyze the input current (Ie)—flowing in the control line (2)—and which indicates to indicate a control signal (S)—if during the detection pulse, (P)—the input current (Ie)—is not below a prescribed turned-on value for a prescribed turned-on period.
- 2. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit (6)—as claimed in claim 1, characterized in thatwherein the constant current sink (7)—has—an actuation module is (13)—connected to the constant current sinkit, which prescribes the magnitude of the drawn current—(Ia).
- 3. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit $\frac{(6)}{(6)}$ —as claimed in claim 1-or-2, characterized in that wherein the actuation module $\frac{(13)}{(13)}$ —is an oscillator circuit whose total resistance $\frac{(RS)}{(13)}$ —alternates discretely between two values.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit $\frac{(6)}{}$ as claimed in claim $1 \frac{1}{}$ or $\frac{2}{}$,

characterized in thatwherein the actuation module (13)
comprisesincludes a microprocessor (20).

- 5. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit (6)—as claimed in one of claims 1—to 4, characterized in that wherein the constant current sink (7) has—a diode_is__(D1)—connected upstream of the constant current sinkit.
- 6. <u>(Currently Amended)</u> The control input circuit (6) as claimed in one of claims 1—to—5, characterized in that wherein the evaluation module (15) comprises an RC element—(16).
- 7. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit (6)—as claimed in claim 6, characterized in that wherein the RC element (16) has a threshold circuit,—(17)—connected upstream of the RC element, it which permits a flow of current to the RC element (16)—only if the input current (Ie)—exceeds the turned-on value.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit $\frac{(6)}{(6)}$ as claimed in one of claims 1—to 7, characterized in that wherein the constant current sink $\frac{(7)}{(7)}$ comprises a field effect transistor— $\frac{(T1)}{(T1)}$.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit (6)—as claimed in one of claims 1—to 8, characterized in that wherein the detection pulses (P)—are periodically successive in time.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit (6)—as claimed in claim 9, characterized in that wherein, when the control signal (S)—is in the form of a control voltage (Ust) which alternates over time, the period of the detection pulses

(P)—is coordinated with the phase of the control voltage (Ust).

- 11. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit (6)—as claimed in claim 10, characterized in that wherein a respective detection pulse (P)—starts in coordination with each positive half cycle of the control voltage (Ust).
- 12. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit $\frac{(6)}{(6)}$ as claimed in one of claims 1 to 11, characterized in that wherein the drawn current $\frac{(1a)}{(1a)}$ of the constant current sink $\frac{(7)}{(7)}$ between two successive detection pulses $\frac{(P)}{(P)}$ is lowered by at least a factor of 10 in comparison with the detection value $\frac{(11)}{(11)}$.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit (6)—as claimed in one of claims 1 to 12, characterized in that<u>wherein</u> the turned-on value of the input current (Ie)—corresponds to approximately 85% of the detection value—(II).
- 14. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit $\frac{(6)}{(6)}$ —as claimed in one of claims 1—to 13, characterized in that wherein the turned-on period is at least 70% of the length $\frac{(t1)}{(t1)}$ of the detection pulse— $\frac{(P)}{(t1)}$.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit (6)—as claimed in one of claims 1—to 14, characterized in that wherein the length (t2)—of the period of time between two successive detection pulses (P)—exceeds the length (t1)—of the or each detection pulse (P)—by at least twofold.

- 16. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit (6)—as claimed in one of claims 1—to 15, characterized in thatwherein the detection value (II)—is approximately 8 mA.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit $\frac{(6)}{(6)}$ as claimed in one of claims 1—to 16, characterized in that wherein the length $\frac{(t1)}{(t1)}$ of a detection pulse $\frac{(P)}{(t1)}$ is approximately 4 ms.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The control input circuit (6)—as claimed in one of—claims 1—to 17, characterized in that wherein at least one of —the actuation module (13)—and/or—_the evaluation module (15)—are in the form of an integrated circuit.
- 19. (Currently Amended) An electrical appliance (1) comprising having a control input circuit (6) as claimed in one of claims 1 to 17.
- 20. (New) The control input circuit as claimed in claim 2, wherein the actuation module is an oscillator circuit whose total resistance alternates discretely between two values.
- 21. (New) The control input circuit as claimed in claim 2, wherein the actuation module includes a microprocessor.